

Judiciary Committee

Wednesday, March 22, 2006 10:15 A.M. – 12:00 P.M. Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Committee Action Packet

Judiciary Committee 3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Attendance:

	Present	Absent	Excused
David Simmons (Chair)	X		"
Kevin Ambler	X		
Dennis Baxley	X		
Frederick Brummer	X		
Anitere Flores	X		
Dan Gelber	X		
Michael Grant	X		
Jeffrey Kottkamp	X		
Sheri McInvale	X		
Joe Pickens	X		
Juan-Carlos Planas	X		
Curtis Richardson	X		
Dennis Ross	X		
John Seiler	X		
Totals:	14	0	0

Judiciary Committee 3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 129 : Lawful Ownership, Possession, and Use of Firearms and Other Weapons

Not Considered

Bill No.	HB	1	2	9
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COUNCIL/COMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Council/Committee hearing bill: Judiciary

Representatives Simmons and Baxley offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 790.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms and other weapons.--

- matter of public policy and fact that it is necessary to promote firearms safety and to curb and prevent the use of firearms and other weapons in crime and by incompetent persons without prohibiting the lawful use in defense of life, home, and property, and the use by United States or state military organizations, and as otherwise now authorized by law, including the right to use and own firearms for target practice and marksmanship on target practice ranges or other lawful places, and lawful hunting and other lawful purposes.
 - (2) USES NOT AUTHORIZED. --

- (a) This section does not authorize carrying a concealed weapon without a permit, as prohibited by ss. 790.01 and 790.02.
- (b) The protections of this section do not apply to the following:
- 1. A person who has been adjudged mentally incompetent, who is addicted to the use of narcotics or any similar drug, or who is a habitual or chronic alcoholic, or a person using weapons or firearms in violation of ss. 790.07-790.12, 790.14-790.19, 790.22-790.24.;
- 2. Vagrants and other undesirable persons as defined in s.
 856.02.+
- 3. A person in or about a place of nuisance as defined in s. 823.05, unless such person is there for law enforcement or some other lawful purpose.
- (3) LAWFUL USES.--The provisions of ss. 790.053 and 790.06 do not apply in the following instances, and, despite such sections, it is lawful for the following persons to own, possess, and lawfully use firearms and other weapons, ammunition, and supplies for lawful purposes:
- (a) Members of the Militia, National Guard, Florida State Defense Force, Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, organized reserves, and other armed forces of the state and of the United States, when on duty, when training or preparing themselves for military duty, or while subject to recall or mobilization.
- (b) Citizens of this state subject to duty in the Armed Forces under s. 2, Art. X of the State Constitution, under chapters 250 and 251, and under federal laws, when on duty or when training or preparing themselves for military duty.

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- Persons carrying out or training for emergency management duties under chapter 252.7
- Sheriffs, marshals, prison or jail wardens, police officers, Florida highway patrol officers, game wardens, revenue officers, forest officials, special officers appointed under the provisions of chapter 354, and other peace and law enforcement officers and their deputies and assistants and full-time paid peace officers of other states and of the Federal Government who are carrying out official duties while in this state __+
- Officers or employees of the state or United States duly authorized to carry a concealed weapon. +
- Guards or messengers of common carriers, express companies, armored car carriers, mail carriers, banks, and other financial institutions, while actually employed in and about the shipment, transportation, or delivery of any money, treasure, bullion, bonds, or other thing of value within this state .. +
- Regularly enrolled members of any organization duly authorized to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state, or regularly enrolled members of clubs organized for target, skeet, or trap shooting, while at or going to or from shooting practice; or regularly enrolled members of clubs organized for modern or antique firearms collecting, while such members are at or going to or from their collectors' gun shows, conventions, or exhibits.;
- A person engaged in fishing, camping, or lawful hunting or going to or returning from a fishing, camping, or lawful hunting expedition_+
- (i) A person engaged in the business of manufacturing, repairing, or dealing in firearms, or the agent or

- representative of any such person while engaged in the lawful course of such business.
- (j) A person firing weapons for testing or target practice under safe conditions and in a safe place not prohibited by law or going to or from such place.
- (k) A person firing weapons in a safe and secure indoor range for testing and target practice.
- (1) A person traveling by private conveyance when the weapon is securely encased or in a public conveyance when the weapon is securely encased and not in the person's manual possession.
- (m) A person while carrying a pistol unloaded and in a secure wrapper, concealed or otherwise, from the place of purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his or her home or place of business.
- (n) A person possessing arms at his or her home or place of business. →
- (o) Investigators employed by the several public defenders of the state, while actually carrying out official duties, provided such investigators:
 - Are employed full time;
- 2. Meet the official training standards for firearms established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission as provided in s. 943.12(5) and the requirements of ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and
- 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent signed by the employing public defender and filed with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the employing public defender resides.

- (p) Investigators employed by the capital collateral representative, while actually carrying out official duties, provided such investigators:
 - 1. Are employed full time;

- 2. Meet the official training standards for firearms as established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission as provided in s. 943.12(1) and the requirements of ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and
- 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent signed by the capital collateral representative and filed with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the investigator is headquartered.
- (4) CONSTRUCTION. -- This act shall be liberally construed to carry out the declaration of policy herein and in favor of the constitutional right to keep and bear arms for lawful purposes. This act is supplemental and additional to existing rights to bear arms now guaranteed by law and decisions of the courts of Florida, and nothing herein shall impair or diminish any of such rights. This act shall supersede any law, ordinance, or regulation in conflict herewith.
- (5) POSSESSION IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCE.--Notwithstanding subsection (2), it is lawful and is not a violation of s. 790.01 for a person 18 years of age or older to possess a concealed firearm or other weapon for self-defense or other lawful purpose within the interior of a private conveyance, without a license, if the firearm or other weapon is securely encased or is otherwise not readily accessible for immediate use. Nothing herein contained prohibits the carrying of a legal firearm other than a handgun anywhere in a private conveyance when such firearm is being carried for a lawful use. Nothing herein

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

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contained shall be construed to authorize the carrying of a
concealed firearm or other weapon on the person. This subsection
shall be liberally construed in favor of the lawful use,
ownership, and possession of firearms and other weapons,
including lawful self-defense as provided in s. 776.012.

- (6) STORAGE AND TRANSPORT OF FIREARMS LOCKED INSIDE OR LOCKED TO A MOTOR VEHICLE IN A PARKING AREA; PENALTY; IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.--
 - (a) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, minivan, sports utility vehicle, motorcycle, motor scooter, or any other similar vehicle required to be registered under Florida law.
- 2. "employee" means any person who works for salary, wages, or other remuneration; is an independent contractor; or is a volunteer, intern, or other similar individual for an employer.
- 3. "employer" means any business that is a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, professional association, cooperative, joint venture, trust, firm, institution, or association, with employees.
- 4. "invitee" means any business invitee, including a customer or visitor lawfully on the premises.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (e), no employer, or landlord of an employer, shall establish, maintain, or enforce any policy or rule that prohibits or has the effect of prohibiting an employee or invitee in lawful possession of a firearm from parking a motor vehicle on any property used for that purpose when the employee or invitee is lawfully in such area and the firearm is actually locked inside or locked to the motor vehicle, unless, at its own election, the employer, or

- 168 landlord of the employer, provides the employee or invitee with
 169 the opportunity to:
 - 1. check, store, or secure the firearm of the employee or invitee subject to reasonable conditions; or
 - 2. park in an onsite area set aside by the employer, or landlord of the employer, for parking motor vehicles with a firearm locked inside or locked to the motor vehicle. In the event the employer, or landlord of the employer, elects to provide such onsite area, it shall be as convenient as other employee or invitee parking and shall not be marked or posted as a special parking area for such purposes; or
 - 3. notify the employer, or landlord of the employer, or their designee, that the employee or invitee intends, from time to time, to be in lawful possession of a firearm locked inside or locked to a motor vehicle.
 - (c) 1. No employer, or landlord of an employer, or employee imposing or implementing a policy under paragraph (b), shall be liable in any civil or other action for any harm that arises out of, or results from, directly or indirectly, the use or threatened use of a firearm that was being transported and stored by an employee or invitee and was locked inside of or locked to a motor vehicle on any property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, and used for parking motor vehicles. The immunity provided in this sub-paragraph extends to the vicarious liability of an employer or landlord of an employer that arises out of, or results from, directly or indirectly, the use or threatened use of a firearm that was being transported and stored by an employee or invitee and was locked inside of or locked to a motor vehicle on any property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, and

used for parking motor vehicles. The immunity provided in this sub-paragraph shall not apply to any person who uses or threatens to use a firearm or other weapon. The immunity provided in this sub-paragraph shall not apply if the harm involved was caused, in whole or in part, by the willful or criminal misconduct of the employer, or landlord of the employer, or a conscious and flagrant indifference to the safety of the person or persons harmed.

- 2. A civil fine of \$10,000, per aggrieved employee or invitee, shall be imposed for each violation of the prohibition in paragraph (b).
- (d) It is the intent of this subsection to reinforce and protect the right of each law-abiding employee or invitee to enter and exit any property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, and used for parking motor vehicles while the employee or invitee is lawfully transporting and storing a firearm in the motor vehicle and the firearm is locked inside or locked to the motor vehicle, to avail himself or herself of temporary or long-term parking or storage of a motor vehicle, and to prohibit any infringement of the right to lawful possession of the firearm when the firearm is being transported and stored inside or locked to a motor vehicle for a lawful purpose.
 - (e) The prohibition in paragraph (b) does not apply to:
- 1. property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, upon which are conducted activities involving national defense, aerospace, or domestic security.
- 2. property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, upon which a significant portion of the business conducted on such property involves the manufacture, use,

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

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228	storage, sale, or transportation of hazardous or ultra-hazardous
229	materials regulated under state or federal law, including
230	combustible or explosive materials.

- 3. a motor vehicle owned, leased, or rented by an employer, or landlord of an employer, or its agent.
- 4. any other property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, where an employee or invitee is prohibited from having a firearm pursuant to any federal law or any existing state general law on the effective date of this act.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

Remove the entire title and insert:

exceptions; providing an effective date.

An act relating to lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms; amending s. 790.25, F.S., relating to lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms and other weapons; providing definitions; prohibiting specified employers and landlords of employers in certain circumstances from establishing, maintaining, or enforcing any policy or rule that prohibits certain employees and invitees from parking a motor vehicle on property set aside for such purpose when a secured firearm is being lawfully transported and stored in the motor vehicle; providing for specified immunity from liability; providing a civil penalty; providing intent; providing

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 1A

Bill No. HB 129

COUNCIL	COMMITTEE	ACTION
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ADOPTED __ (Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED __ (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION
FAILED TO ADOPT __ (Y/N)
WITHDRAWN __ (Y/N)
OTHER

Council/Committee hearing bill: Judiciary

Representative Kottkamp offered the following:

Amendment to Amendment #1 by Representatives Simmons and Baxley

Remove lines 167-198 and insert:

motor vehicle.

(c)1. No employer, or landlord of an employer, or employee imposing or implementing a policy under paragraph (b), shall be liable for any harm that arises out of, or results from, the use of a firearm that was being transported and stored by an employee or invitee and was locked inside of or locked to a motor vehicle on any property owned or leased by an employer, or landlord of an employer, and used for parking motor vehicles. The immunity provided in this

Bill No. HB 129

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE ACTION __ (Y/N) ADOPTED __ (Y/N) ADOPTED AS AMENDED __ (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION FAILED TO ADOPT __ (Y/N) __ (Y/N) WITHDRAWN OTHER Council/Committee hearing bill: Judiciary 1 Representative(s) Baxley & Kottkamp offered the following: 2 3 Amendment (with title amendment) 4 Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: 5 Section 1. Section 790.251, Florida Statutes, is created 6 7 to read: 790.251 Privacy and personal property protection; storage 8 and transport of personal property locked inside or locked to a 9 motor vehicle in a parking area; penalty; immunity from 10 liability.--11 (1) SHORT TITLE. -- This act may be cited as the "Individual 12 Personal Private Property Protection Act." 13 (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. -- This act is intended to codify 14 the longstanding legislative policy of this state that: 15 (a) Citizens have a constitutional right to privacy; 16 (b) Citizens have a constitutional right to possess and 17

securely keep legal private property within their motor vehicles, particularly such property as is necessary for or incidental to their exercise of other constitutional rights; and

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(c) These rights are not abrogated by virtue of a citizen's becoming a customer, employee, or invitee of a business entity.

- citizens' lawful possession, transportation, and secure keeping of certain private property within their motor vehicles is essential to the exercise of fundamental constitutional rights, including freedom of speech, freedom of association, the free exercise of religion, and to keep and bear arms. The Legislature finds that there is a compelling state interest to protect the fundamental private property rights of the citizens of Florida. The Legislature further finds that a citizen is not required and should not be required to waive or abrogate his or her right to possess and securely keep such constitutionally protected private property locked within his or her motor vehicle by virtue of becoming a customer, employee, or invitee of an employer or a business establishment within the state.
 - (4) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Aggrieved person" means any customer, employee, or invitee as defined in this subsection.
- (b) "Employee" means a person who works for salary, wages, or other remuneration; is an independent contractor; or is a volunteer, intern, or other similar individual for an employer.
- (c) "Employer" means a business that is a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, professional association, cooperative, joint venture, trust, firm, institution, association, or public-sector entity, which has employees.
- (d) "Invitee" means any business invitee, including a customer or visitor, who is lawfully on the premises.

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- (e) "Motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck minivan, sports utility vehicle, motor home, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, or motor scooter, or any other vehicle, which is operated on the roads of this state and is required to be registered under Florida law.
- "Parking lot" means any property that is owned or leased by an employer, or a landlord of an employer, and used for parking motor vehicles and that is available to customers, employees, or invitees for temporary or long-term parking or storage of motor vehicles.
- (5) PROHIBITED ACTS. -- A public or private entity may not violate the constitutional rights of any customer, employee, or invitee as provided in this subsection:
- (a) A public or private entity may not prohibit any customer, employee or invitee from possessing any lawfully held personal property if such property is locked inside or to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot when the customer, employee, or invitee is lawfully in such area.
- (b) A public or private entity may not violate the privacy rights of a customer, employee, or invitee by verbal inquiry or actual search of a private motor vehicle in a parking lot. A search of a private motor vehicle may be conducted only by on duty law enforcement personnel and must comply with the due process requirements of the Constitution of the State of Florida and the United States Constitution.
- (c) An employer may not condition employment upon preventing or prohibiting, or otherwise attempt to prevent or prohibit, any customer, employee, or invitee from keeping locked within the trunk, glove box, other enclosed compartment, or area out of sight within a motor vehicle any property or material the lawful possession of which is protected by, or the lawful use of

which is incidental to, the exercise of individual rights

protected under the United States Constitution and the State

Constitution.

(d) An employer may not terminate the employment of or otherwise discriminate against an employee, or expel a customer or invitee, for exercising his or her constitutional right to keep and bear arms or the right of self-defense as long as a firearm is never exhibited on company property except for lawful defensive purposes.

- This section applies to all public-sector employers, including those that are already prohibited from regulating firearms under s. 790.33.
- landlord of an employer is not liable in a civil action that arises, directly or indirectly, out of or results from the theft of or the threatened use or accidental or criminal use of a firearm or any other legal property that was stored in the private motor vehicle by a customer, employee, or invitee in a parking lot owned or leased by an employer or the landlord of an employer. The immunity provided in this subsection does not apply to a person who uses or threatens to use a firearm or other weapon in a criminal act. The immunity provided in this subsection does not apply if the harm involved was caused, in whole or in part, by the willful or criminal misconduct of the employer or the landlord of the employer.
- (7) ENFORCEMENT. -- The Attorney General shall enforce the protections of this act on behalf of an aggrieved person if there is reasonable cause to believe that the customer, employee, or invitee's rights under this act have been violated by a public or private entity and shall commence a civil or

- administrative action for damages, injunctive relief, or civil
 penalties, and such other relief as may be appropriate under the
 - laws of this state pursuant to s. 760.51, or may negotiate a

 settlement with an employer on behalf of an aggrieved person.
 - (8) The prohibitions in subsection (5) do not apply to:
 - (a) Property owned or leased by an employer, or the landlord of an employer, upon which are conducted substantial activities involving national defense, aerospace, or domestic security if the presence of such private property in a parking lot presents an increased danger of explosion or reasonably predictable catastrophic event.
 - (b) Property owned or leased by an employer, or the landlord of an employer, upon which the primary business conducted is the manufacture, use, storage, or transportation of combustible or explosive materials regulated under state or federal law if the presence of such products in a parking lot presents an increased danger of explosion or reasonably predictable catastrophic event.
 - (c) A motor vehicle owned, leased, or rented by an employer, or the landlord of an employer, or its agent.
 - (d) Any other property owned or leased by an employer, or the landlord of an employer, if a customer, employee, or invitee is prohibited from having a firearm or other legal product pursuant to any federal law or any general law of this state existing on the effective date of this act.
 - (e) Any school property as defined and regulated under s. 790.115.
 - (f) Any prison-facility grounds as defined and regulated under s. 944.47.

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 2

<u>(g)</u>	Uses	of :	firearms	and	othe	r weapons wh	<u>ich are</u>		
prohibited	d unde	er s	790.25	(2).	The	restrictions	provided	in	that
subsection	n are	not	affected	d by	this	section.			

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall apply to causes of action that accrue on or after that date.

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========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

Remove the entire title and insert:

An act relating to the protection of constitutional rights; creating s. 790.251, F.S.; creating the "Individual Personal Private Property Protection Act"; providing legislative intent and legislative findings; defining terms; prohibiting a public or private entity from violating the constitutional rights of a customer, employee, or invitee by prohibiting or otherwise deterring that person from having certain lawful items locked in or to the person's private motor vehicle while it is in a parking lot or by discouraging exercise of the right to keep and bear arms; providing immunity from legal liability to an employer or landlord of an employer for certain acts arising out of another person's storing legal property in a private motor vehicle parked on the employer's or landlord's property; requiring the Attorney General to enforce this section on behalf of an aggrieved person; providing exceptions to the prohibitions imposed by the act; providing an effective date.

Judiciary Committee

3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Print Date: 3/22/2006 1:15 pm

HB 709 : Court Costs for Drug Court Programs

X	Favorable					
		Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Kev	rin Ambler	X				
Der	nnis Baxley	X				
Fre	derick Brummer	X				
Ani	tere Flores	X				
Dar	Gelber	X				
Mic	hael Grant	X	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>			
Jeff	rey Kottkamp	X				
She	ri McInvale	X				
Joe	Pickens			X		
Jua	n-Carlos Planas	X				
Cur	tis Richardson	X				
Der	nis Ross				X	
Joh	n Seiler	X				
Dav	rid Simmons (Chair)	X				
		Total Yeas: 12	Total Nays: ()		

Judiciary Committee 3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 839 CS: Homeowners' Associations

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Kevin Ambler	X				
Dennis Baxley	X				
Frederick Brummer	X				
Anitere Flores	X				
Dan Gelber	X				
Michael Grant	X				
Jeffrey Kottkamp	X				
Sheri McInvale	X				
Joe Pickens			X		
Juan-Carlos Planas	X				
Curtis Richardson	X				
Dennis Ross	X				
John Seiler			X		
David Simmons (Chair)	X				
David Similions (Chair)	Total Yeas: 12	Total Navs:	n		

HB 839 CS Amendments

Amendment 1

X Adopted Without Objection

Print Date: 3/22/2006 1:15 pm Page 4 of 8

Bill No. HB 839 CS

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE ACTION

ADOPTED _____(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED _____(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION _____(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT ______(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN _____(Y/N)
OTHER

Council/Committee hearing bill: Judiciary
Representative Kottkamp offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 720.3035 is created to read as follows:

720.3035 Architectural Control Covenants; Parcel Owner

Improvements; Rights and Privileges.—

- (1) The authority of an association or any committee of an association to review and approve plans and specifications for the location, size, type or appearance of any structure or other improvement on a parcel, or to enforce standards for the external appearance of any structure or improvement located on a parcel, shall only be authorized and permitted to the extent that the authority is specifically stated or reasonably inferred as to such location, size, type or appearance in the declaration of covenants.
- (2) If the declaration of covenants provides options for the use of material, the size of the structure or improvement, the design of the structure or improvement, or the location of the structure or improvement on the parcel, the association nor

any committee of the association shall restrict the right of a parcel owner to select from the options provided in the declaration of covenants.

- specifically stated in the declaration of covenants, each parcel shall be deemed to have only one front for purposes of determining the required front setback even if the parcel shall be bounded by a roadway or other easement on more than one side. When the declaration of covenants does not provide for specific setback lines, the applicable county or municipal setback lines shall apply, and neither the association nor any committee of the association shall enforce or attempt to enforce any setback line that is inconsistent with the applicable county or municipal standard or standards.
- (4) Each parcel owner shall be entitled to the rights and privileges set forth in the declaration of covenants concerning the use of the parcel, and the construction of permitted structures and improvements on the parcel and such rights and privileges shall not be unreasonably infringed upon or impaired by the association or any committee of the association. In the event that the association or any committee of the association shall infringe upon or impair the rights and privileges set forth in the declaration of covenants, the adversely affected parcel owner shall be entitled to recover damages caused by such infringement or impairment, including any costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in preserving or restoring the rights and privileges of the parcel owner set forth in the declaration of covenants.
- (5) Neither the association nor any committee of the association shall enforce any policy or restriction that is

inconsistent with the rights and privileges of a parcel owner set forth in the declaration of covenants, whether uniformly applied or not. Neither the association nor any committee of the association may rely upon a policy or restriction that is inconsistent with the declaration of covenants, whether uniformly applied or not, in defense of any action taken in the name of or on behalf of the association against a parcel owner.

Section 2. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association funds; recalls.--

- (6) BUDGETS.--
- (a) The association shall prepare an annual budget that sets out the annual operating expenses. The budget must reflect the estimated revenues and expenses for that year and the estimated surplus or deficit as of the end of the current year. The budget must set out separately all fees or charges paid for by the association for recreational amenities, whether owned by the association, the developer, or another person. The association shall provide each member with a copy of the annual budget or a written notice that a copy of the budget is available upon request at no charge to the member. The copy must be provided to the member within the time limits set forth in subsection (5).
- (b) In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget may include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance for which the association is responsible to the extent that the governing documents do not limit increases in assessments, including reserves. If the budget of the

association includes reserve accounts, such reserves shall be determined, maintained, and waived in the manner provided in this subsection. Once an association provides for reserve accounts in the budget, the association shall thereafter determine, maintain and waive reserves in compliance with the provisions of this subsection.

- (c) If the budget of the association does not provide for reserve accounts governed by this subsection and the association is responsible for the repair and maintenance of capital improvements that may result in a special assessments if reserves are not provided, each financial report for the preceding fiscal year required by subsection (7) shall contain the following statement in conspicuous type: THE BUDGET OF THE ASSOCIATION DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR RESERVE ACCOUNTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DEFERRED MAINTENANCE THAT MAY RESULT IN SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS. OWNERS MAY ELECT TO PROVIDE FOR RESERVE ACCOUNTS PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 720.303(6) UPON THE APPROVAL OF NOT LESS THAN A MAJORITY OF THE TOTAL VOTING INTERESTS OF THE ASSOCIATION.
- (d) An association shall be deemed to have provided for reserve accounts when reserve accounts have been initially established by the developer or when the membership of the association affirmatively elects to provide for reserves. If reserve accounts are not initially provided for by the developer, the membership of the association may elect to do so upon the affirmative approval of not less than a majority of the total voting interests of the association. Such approval may be attained by vote of the members at a duly called meeting of the membership or upon a written consent executed by not less than a majority of the total voting interests in the community. The

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 1

approval action of the membership shall state that reserve accounts shall be provided for in the budget and the approval action of the membership shall designate the components for which the reserve accounts are to be established. Upon approval by the membership, the board of directors shall provide for the required reserve accounts for inclusion in the budget in the next fiscal year following the approval and in each year thereafter. Once established as herein provided, the reserve accounts shall be funded, maintained or funding waived in the manner hereinafter provided.

- (e) The amount to be reserved in any account established shall be computed by means of a formula which is based upon estimated remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of each reserve item. The association may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually to take into account any changes in estimates of cost or useful life of a reserve item.
- established, the membership of the association upon a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present may provide for no reserves or less reserves than required by this section. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine whether to waive or reduce the funding of reserves, and no such result is achieved or a quorum is not attained, the reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect. After the turnover, the developer may vote its voting interest to waive or reduce the funding of reserves. Any vote taken pursuant to this subsection to waive or reduce reserves shall be applicable only to one budget year.

- (g) Funding formulas for reserves authorized by this section shall be based on either a separate analysis of each of the required assets or a pooled analysis of two or more of the required assets.
 - 1. If the association maintains separate reserve accounts for each of the required assets, the amount of the contribution to each reserve account shall be the sum of the following two calculations:
 - a. The total amount necessary, if any, to bring a negative component balance to zero; and
- b. The total estimated deferred maintenance expense or estimated replacement cost of the reserve component less the estimated balance of the reserve component as of the beginning of the period for which the budget will be in effect. The remainder, if greater than zero, shall be divided by the estimated remaining useful life of the component. The formula may be adjusted each year for changes in estimates and deferred maintenance performed during the year and may include factors such as inflation and earnings on invested funds.
- 2. If the association maintains a pooled account of two or more of the required reserve assets, the amount of the contribution to the pooled reserve account as disclosed on the proposed budget shall not be less than that required to ensure that the balance on hand at the beginning of the period for which the budget will go into effect plus the projected annual cash inflows over the remaining estimated useful life of all of the assets that make up the reserve pool are equal to or greater than the projected annual cash outflows over the remaining estimated useful lives of all of the assets that make up the reserve pool, based on the current reserve analysis. The

projected annual cash inflows may include estimated earnings
from investment of principal. The reserve funding formula shall
not include any type of balloon payments.

- (h) Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for other purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Prior to turnover of control of an association by a developer to parcel owners, the developer-controlled association shall not vote to use reserves for purposes other than that for which they were intended without the approval of a majority of all non-developer voting interests, voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association.
- (7) FINANCIAL REPORTING. --Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on the date provided in the bylaws, the association shall prepare and complete, or contract for the preparation and completion of, a an annual financial report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 60 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, close of the fiscal year. the association shall, within the time limits set forth in subsection (5), provide each member with a copy of the annual financial report or a written notice that a copy of the financial report is available upon request at no charge to the member. Financial reports shall be prepared as follows:
- (a) An association that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall prepare or cause to be prepared a complete set 000000

- of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as adopted by the Board of Accountancy.

 The financial statements shall be based upon the association's total annual revenues, as follows:
 - 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$100,000 or more, but less than \$200,000, shall prepare compiled financial statements.
 - 2. An association with total annual revenues of at least \$200,000, but less than \$400,000, shall prepare reviewed financial statements.
 - 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$400,000 or more shall prepare audited financial statements.
 - (b)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$100,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.
 - 2. An association in a community of fewer than 50 parcels, regardless of the association's annual revenues, may prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements required by paragraph (a) unless the governing documents provide otherwise.
 - 3. A report of cash receipts and disbursement must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional, and management fees and expenses; taxes; costs for recreation facilities; expenses for refuse collection and utility services; expenses for lawn care; costs for building maintenance and repair; insurance costs; administration and salary expenses; and reserves if maintained by the association.

- (c) If 20 percent of the parcel owners petition the board for a level of financial reporting higher than that required by this section, the association shall duly notice and hold a meeting of members within 30 days of receipt of the petition for the purpose of voting on raising the level of reporting for that fiscal year. Upon approval of a majority of the total voting interests of the parcel owners, the association shall prepare or cause to be prepared, shall amend the budget or adopt a special assessment to pay for the financial report regardless of any provision to the contrary in the governing documents, and shall provide within 90 days of the meeting or the end of the fiscal year, whichever occurs later:
- 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statements, if the association is otherwise required to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures;
- 2. Reviewed or audited financial statements, if the association is otherwise required to prepare compiled financial statements; or
- 3. Audited financial statements if the association is otherwise required to prepare reviewed financial statements.
- (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association, an association may prepare or cause to be prepared:
- 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement;
- 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited financial statement; or

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- A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a compiled financial statement, or a reviewed financial statement in lieu of an audited financial statement.
- Section 3. Paragraph (t) is added to subsection (3) of section 720.307, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 720.307 Transition of association control in a community. -- With respect to homeowners' associations:
- (3) At the time the members are entitled to elect at least a majority of the board of directors of the homeowners' association, the developer shall, at the developer's expense, within no more than 90 days deliver the following documents to the board:
- (t) The financial records, including financial statements of the association, and source documents from the incorporation of the association through the date of turnover. The records shall be audited by an independent certified public accountant for the period from the incorporation of the association or from the period covered by the last audit, if an audit has been performed for each fiscal year since incorporation. All financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and shall be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, as prescribed by the Board of Accountancy, pursuant to chapter 473. The certified public accountant performing the audit shall examine, to the extent necessary, supporting documents and records, including the cash disbursements and related paid invoices to determine whether expenditures were for association purposes and the billings, cash receipts, and related records of the association to determine that the developer was charged and paid the proper amounts of assessments. This paragraph applies

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 1

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- 289 to associations with a date of incorporation after December 31, 290 2006.
- Section 4. Section 720.308, Florida Statutes, is amended 292 to read:
 - 720.308 Assessments and charges.--
 - (1) ASSESSMENTS. -- For any community created after October 1, 1995, the governing documents must describe the manner in which expenses are shared and specify the member's proportional share thereof. Assessments levied pursuant to the annual budget or special assessment must be in the member's proportional share of expenses as described in the governing document, which share may be different among classes of parcels based upon the state of development thereof, levels of services received by the applicable members, or other relevant factors. While the developer is in control of the homeowners' association, it may be excused from payment of its share of the operating expenses and assessments related to its parcels for any period of time for which the developer has, in the declaration, obligated itself to pay any operating expenses incurred that exceed the assessments receivable from other members and other income of the association. This section does not apply to an association, no matter when created, if the association is created in a community that is included in an effective development-ofregional-impact development order as of the effective date of this act, together with any approved modifications thereto.
 - (2) GUARANTEE OF COMMON EXPENSES.--
 - (a) Establishment of the guarantee. -- If a guarantee of the assessments of parcel owners is not included in the purchase contracts or declaration, any agreement establishing a guarantee shall be effective only upon the approval of a majority of the

319	voting	interests	of	the	members	other	than	the	developer

- 320 Approval shall be expressed at a meeting of the members, voting
- 321 in person or by limited proxy; or by agreement in writing
- 322 without a meeting if provided in the bylaws. Such guarantee
- 323 shall meet the requirements of this section.
 - (b) Guarantee period. -- The period of time for the guarantee shall be indicated by a specific beginning and ending date or event.
 - 1. The ending date or event shall be the same for all of the members of a homeowners' association, including members in different phases of the development.
 - 2. The guarantee may provide for different intervals of time during a guarantee period with different dollar amounts for each such interval.
 - 3. The guarantee may provide that after the initial stated period, the developer has an option to extend the guarantee for one or more additional stated periods. The extension of a guarantee is limited to extending the ending date or event; therefore, the developer does not have the option of changing the level of assessments guaranteed.
 - (3) MAXIMUM LEVEL OF ASSESSMENTS. -- The stated dollar amount of the guarantee shall be an exact dollar amount for each parcel identified in the declaration. Regardless of the stated dollar amount of the guarantee, assessments charged to a member shall not exceed the maximum obligation of the member based on the total amount of the adopted budget and the member's proportionate ownership share of the common elements.
 - (4) CASH FUNDING REQUIREMENTS DURING THE GUARANTEE. -- The cash payments required from the guarantor during the guarantee period shall be determined as follows:

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(a) If at any time during the guarantee period the funds
collected from member assessments at the guaranteed level and
other revenues collected by the association are not sufficient
to provide payment, on a timely basis, of all assessments,
including the full funding of the reserves unless properly
waived, the guarantor shall advance sufficient cash to the
association at the time such payments are due.

- (b) Expenses incurred in the production of nonassessment revenues, not in excess of the nonassessment revenues, shall not be included in the assessments. If the expenses attributable to nonassessment revenues exceed nonassessment revenues, only the excess expenses must be funded by the guarantor. Interest earned on the investment of association funds may be used to pay the income tax expense incurred as a result of the investment, such expense shall not be charged to the guarantor, and the net investment income shall be retained by the association. Each such nonassessment-revenue-generating activity shall be considered separately. Any portion of the parcel assessment that is budgeted for designated capital contributions of the association shall not be used to pay operating expenses.
- (5) CALCULATION OF GUARANTOR'S FINAL OBLIGATION. -- The guarantor's total financial obligation to the association at the end of the guarantee period shall be determined on the accrual basis using the following formula:
- (a) The guarantor will pay any deficits that exceed the guaranteed amount; less
- (b) The total regular periodic assessments earned by the association from the members other than the guarantor during the guarantee period regardless of whether the actual level charged was less than the maximum guaranteed amount.

(6) EXPENSES.--Expenses incurred in the production of nonassessment revenues, not in excess of the nonassessment revenues, shall not be included in the operating expenses. If the expenses attributable to nonassessment revenues exceed nonassessment revenues, only the excess expenses must be funded by the quarantor. Interest earned on the investment of association funds may be used to pay the income tax expense incurred as a result of the investment, such expense shall not be charged to the guarantor, and the net investment income shall be retained by the association. Each such nonassessment revenue-generating activity shall be considered separately. Any portion of the parcel assessment that is budgeted for designated capital contributions of the association shall not be used to pay operating expenses.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

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Remove the entire title and insert:

An act relating to homeowners' associations; creating s.

720.3035, F.S.; providing for architectural control covenants and parcel owner improvements; authorizing the review and approval of plans and specifications; providing limitations; providing rights and privileges for parcel owners as set forth in the declaration of covenants; amending s. 720.303, F.S.; requiring the budget to provide for annual operating expenses; requiring the budget to include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance; providing the amount to be reserved; authorizing the association to adjust replacement reserve assessments annually; authorizing the developer to vote

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 1

to waive the reserves or reduce the funding of reserves for a
certain period; revising provisions relating to financial
reporting; revising time periods in which the association must
complete its reporting; amending s. 720.307, F.S.; requiring
developers to deliver financial records to the board; requiring
certain information to be included in the records and for the
records to be prepared in a specified manner; amending s.
720.308, F.S.; providing that a guarantee of common expenses
shall be effective under certain circumstances; requiring the
guarantee to meet certain requirements; authorizing the
guarantee to provide certain requirements; requiring the stated
dollar amount of the guarantee to be an exact dollar amount for
each parcel identified in the declaration; providing payments
required from the guarantor to be determined in a certain
manner; providing a formula to determine the guarantor's total
financial obligation to the association; providing that certain
expenses incurred in the production of certain revenues shall
not be included in the common expenses; providing an effective
date.

Judiciary Committee

3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)
HB 1049 CS: Driver's Licenses

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Kevin Ambler	X				
Dennis Baxley	X				
Frederick Brummer	X				
Anitere Flores	X				
Dan Gelber			X		
Michael Grant	X				
Jeffrey Kottkamp			X		
Sheri McInvale	X				
Joe Pickens			X		
Juan-Carlos Planas	X				
Curtis Richardson	X				
Dennis Ross	X				
John Seiler			X		
David Simmons (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 10	Total Nays:	0		

HB 1049 CS Amendments

Print Date: 3/22/2006 1:15 pm

Amendment 1

X Adopted Without Objection

Bill No. 1049 CS

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE ACTION

ADOPTED ____(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED ____(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION ____(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT ____(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN ____(Y/N)
OTHER

Council/Committee hearing bill: Judiciary

Representative Simmons offered the following:

Amendment

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Remove line(s) 32 through 50 and insert:

- 2. In addition to any other penalty imposed for a violation of subparagraph 1., the court shall order the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold the issuance of, or suspend or revoke, the driver's license or driving privilege, as provided in s. 322.057, of any person other than a licensee under this chapter or an employee or agent of a licensee under this chapter.
- Section 2. Section 322.057, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 322.057 Mandatory revocation or suspension of driver's
 license for certain persons who provide alcohol to persons under
 21 years of age.--
- (1) Notwithstanding s. 322.28, the court shall order the department to withhold the issuance of, or suspend or revoke, the driver's license of, a person 21 years of age or older,

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. 1

other than a licensee under chapter 561 or an employee or agent
of a licensee under Chapter 561, who is found guilty of a
violation of s. 562.11(1)(a), for not less than 3 months or more
than 6 months for a violation and 1 year for any subsequent
violation.

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Judiciary Committee

3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 7047 : Review under the Open Government Sunset Review Act regarding the Tobacco

Settlement Agreement

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee
				<u>rea</u>	Nay
Kevin Ambler	X				
Dennis Baxley	X				
Frederick Brummer	X				
Anitere Flores	X				
Dan Gelber	X				
Michael Grant	X	_			
Jeffrey Kottkamp	X				
Sheri McInvale	X				
Joe Pickens			X		
Juan-Carlos Planas	X				
Curtis Richardson	X				<u> </u>
Dennis Ross	X				
John Seiler			X		
David Simmons (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 12	Total Nays:	0		

Print Date: 3/22/2006 1:15 pm Page 6 of 8

Judiciary Committee

3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB) Other Business Appearance:

Workshop on offshore petroleum/natural gas activities David Mica (Lobbyist) (At Request Of Chair) - Information Only Florida Petroleum Council 215 S. Calhoun St.

Tallahassee FL 32312 Phone: 850-561-6300

Workshop on offshore petroleum/natural gas activities

Phil Wieczyski (State Employee) (At Request Of Chair) - Information Only

FDEP

3900 Commonwealth Blvd., 659

Tallahassee FL 32399 Phone: 850-245-2010

Workshop on offshore petroleum/natural gas activities

Lynn Griffin (State Employee) (At Request Of Chair) - Information Only

Florida Dept. Environment Protection 3900 Commonwealth Blvd., MS 47

Tallahassee FL 32399 Phone: 850-245-2163

Print Date: 3/22/2006 1:15 pm

Workshop on offshore petroleum/natural gas activities Richard Charter (At Request Of Chair) - Information Only Co-Chair, National OCS Coalition (via telephone)

Workshop on offshore petroleum/natural gas activities Professor Wilton Sturges (At Request Of Chair) - Information Only Dept. of Oceanography, Florida State University

Judiciary Committee

3/22/2006 10:15:00AM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Summary:

Judiciary Committee

Wednesday March 22, 2006 10:15 am

HB 129 Not Considered

HB 709 Favorable Yeas: 12 Nays: 0

HB 839 CS Favorable With Committee Substitute Yeas: 12 Nays: 0

Amendment 1 Adopted Without Objection

HB 1049 CS Favorable With Committee Substitute Yeas: 10 Nays: 0

Amendment 1 Adopted Without Objection

HB 7047 Favorable Yeas: 12 Nays: 0